Original Article

Cantharis dissolves calculus in the ureter of a kitten - Case report

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Abstract

Backwords: Urolithiasis is a disease that can occur alone or together, obstruct the urinary flow, and even progress to the animal's death. **Objective:** The present study is to report the dissolution of calculus in the ureter in a kitten. **Methodology**: a feline, SRD, male, started at 3 months old with the signs of vomiting, constipation, and hematuria, presenting leukocytosis and increased serum urea. Two abdominal ultrasounds were performed 30 days apart and the third at 3 months. Results: In the first ultrasound there was hydronephrosis in the right kidney and dilation of the ureter and microlithiasis in the urinary bladder. The animal had already been treated with antibiotic therapy and did not improve. Given these characteristics, Cantharis Vesicatoria 30cH was administered, there was no more hematuria and when the drug was discontinued, the symptom returned. After 30 days of starting homeopathic treatment, we repeated the ultrasound which showed 2 kidney stones, and a urinary bladder with cystitis associated with sandy lithiasis. Berberis Vulgaris 30cH was then administered for 15 days, after which both drugs were discontinued and the animal remained asymptomatic. After 3 months the ultrasound was repeated which showed 2 kidney stones, Causticum 6cH was inserted for 14 days to dissolve kidney stones, thus preventing the return of the initial symptoms. **Conclusion**: the treatment was beneficial for the patient, who was asymptomatic after the use of Causticum. Considering the natural history of the disease in cats and the high chance of recurrence of the disease, the recommendation was to monitor the organs through an annual ultrasound examination, in addition to encouraging water intake.

Keywords: berberis vulgaris, cantharis vesicatória, causticum, puppies, cats, hematuria, homeopathy, treatment, ureter, urolith.

References

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